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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,579		08/05/2003	Matthias Gerlach	029310.51098D1	5435
23911	7590	05/18/2004		EXAM	INFR
CROWEL		RING LLP OPERTY GROUP	ROBINSON, BINTA M		
P.O. BOX 1		OFERTT GROOF	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHING	ΓON, DC	20044-4300	1625		

DATE MAILED: 05/18/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/633,579	GERLACH ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Binta M. Robinson	1625			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported in the policy of the second communication apport	pears on the coversheet with	the correspondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a repi y within the statutory minimum of thirty (will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH t, cause the application to become ABAN	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. 15 from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133)			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.					
7)🖂	Claim(s) _ is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) 🔲 objected to by	the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
—	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached C	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)🖂	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)[⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in App	olication No. <u>10/117,335</u> .			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ceived in this National Stage			
	application from the International Bureau					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not re	ceived.			
Attachment	t(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		nmary (PTO-413)			
3) 🔯 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 8/5/03.		Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Detailed Action

Claims 1-18 are pending in the application.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim(s) 1, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

- A. In claims 1 and 10, the term "benzofurfuryl" is indefinite because this term is misspelled.
- B. In claim 10, line 24, page 54, the phrase "abovementioned meaning" is indefinite. It is not clear if this phrase is referring to the meanings of the radical R' in claim 10 or in previous claims.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim(s) 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lantos et. al. (See Reference U). Lantos et. al. discloses the instant compounds Acetamide, N-[2, 3-dihydro-6-(4-methoxyphenyl)imdazo[2, 1-b]thiazol-5-yl] and Acetamide, N-[6-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dihydroimidazo[2, 1-b]. At page 995, see the instant compounds.

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim(s) 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ca 81:105382 (See Reference U). Ca 81:105382 discloses the instant compounds, Acetamide, N-(6-phenylimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-5-yl) and Carbamic acid, (6-phenylimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-5-yl)-methyl ester. At page 520, see the instant compounds.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim(s) 1, 2, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ca 58:2443e (See Reference V). Ca 58:2443e discloses the instant compounds, Urea. 1-[6-(p-bromophenyl)imidzo[2,1-b]thiazol-5-yl]-3-phenyl and imidazo[2, 1 – b]thiazole, 5-acetamido-6-(p-bromophenyl). At 58:2443, see the instant compounds.

22. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Ca 81:105382 (See Reference U).

Ca 81:105382 teaches the instant compound as shown in Formula III where R can be Me or MeO. At page 520, see formula IIII where the radicals are defined. The difference between the prior art compound and the instantly claimed compounds is the teaching of a generic compound versus a disclosed species. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select various known radicals within a genus to prepare structurally similar compounds. For instance, see the compound, Acetamide, N-(6-phenylimidazo[2,1-b]thiazol-5-yl), where a disclosed species is exemplified. Accordingly, the compounds are deemed unpatentable therefrom in the absence of a showing of unexpected results for the claimed compounds over those of the generic prior art compounds.

Claims 1 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Ca 58:2443e (See Reference V).

Ca 58:2443e teaches the instant compound as shown in Formula III where R" can be H, R and R' are H and R" is Br. At page 58:2443e, see formula IIII where the radicals are defined. The difference between the prior art compound and the instantly claimed compounds is the teaching of a generic compound versus a disclosed species. It would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select various known radicals within a genus to prepare structurally similar compounds. For instance, see the compound, Urea. 1-[6-(p-bromophenyl)imidzo[2,1-b]thiazol-5-yl]-3-phenyl, where a disclosed species is exemplified. Accordingly, the compounds are deemed unpatentable therefrom in the absence of a showing of unexpected results for the claimed

Claims 3, 4,5-6, 8-9, 11-18 are objected to because they are based on a rejected claim.

compounds over those of the generic prior art compounds.

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain <u>a</u> patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 1-18 respectively are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-18 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6657064. This is a double patenting rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Binta M. Robinson whose telephone number is (703) 306-5437. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30-6:00).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alan Rotman can be reached on (703)308-4698. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7922 for regular communications and (703)308-7922 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0193.

Binta Robinson

May 17, 2004

GROUP 1270